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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/657,250	(	09/06/2000	Ludovic Pierre	5266-02600	5266-02600 9855	
44015	7590	03/13/2006		EXAMINER		
OPTV/ME			MANNING, JOHN			
THE CHASE BUILDING 700 LAVACA, SUITE 800				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
AUSTIN, T			2614			

DATE MAILED: 03/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/657,250	PIERRE ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	John Manning	2614					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a) ☐ This action is FINAL.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-9,11-25 and 27-29 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9,11-25 and 27-29 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceeding a constant of the c	n from consideration. election requirement.  epted or b) □ objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some col None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:							

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114.

### Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to the amended claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Allowable Subject Matter

3. The indicated allowability (objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim) of claim 26 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Pohlmann et al (US Pat No 6,446,136). The Examiner apologizes for any inconvenience. Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-2, 4, 7-9, 12-15 and 17-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pohlmann et al (US Pat No 6,446,136).

In regard to claims 1 and 15, Pohlmann discloses an event management system. The claimed limitation of "an event broker configured to register a plurality of event bookings in response to requests from one or more clients, wherein each said event booking identifies an event which may occur in the future and an action to be taken should the identified event occur" is met by Figure 4, Item 413 (See Col 5, Lines 3-26). The claimed limitation of "one or more event managers, wherein each of said one or more event managers is configured to detect particular types of events" is Figure 3, Item 310. The claimed limitation of "one or more action handlers, wherein each of said one or more action handlers is configured to initiate particular types of actions" is met by Figure 3, Item 350. The claimed limitation of "wherein each of said event broker, said clients, said event managers, and said action handlers comprise distinct functional entities" is met by Figure 3. The claimed limitation of "wherein a first event manager of said one or more event managers is configured to notify said event broker of a first event which corresponds to a first event booking, in response to detecting said first event" is met by Figure 3-4 (See Col 5, Lines 67-Col 6, Lines 19). The claimed limitation of "wherein the event broker is configured to notify a first action handler which corresponds to the first event booking, in response to receiving notification from the first event manager of the detected first event" is met by Figure 3-4 (See Col 8, Lines 1-13). The claimed limitation of "wherein the first action handler is configured to initiate a first

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action, in response to receiving notification from the event broker of the detected first event" is met by Figure 3-4 (See Col 11, Lines 10-26). The claimed limitation of "wherein a first request of the requests for an event booking identifies a first event which may occur in the future and a first action to be taken upon occurrence of said first event, wherein the first request includes a description of the first event using a syntax which is unintelligible to the event broker but which is intelligible to a first event manager of the event managers" is met by Figure 3-4 (See Col 6, Lines 20-35; Col 6, Lines 57-62). Pohlmann fails to explicitly disclose that the event manager is configured to determine whether the booking will be accepted and provide a positive acknowledgement to the broker in response to determining that the event booking is accepted. However, the examiner gives OFFICIAL NOTICE that it is notoriously well known in the art to use the concept of providing positive acknowledgement in response to determining that the entering of a task is accepted so as to ensure that the process performed by the system is performed. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Pohlmann with the concept of providing positive acknowledgement in response to determining that the entering of a task is accepted so as to ensure that the process performed by the system is performed.

In regard to claim 2, Pohlmann fails to explicitly disclose that the event manager is not configured to communicate directly with the fist action handler. However, it is submitted that it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the event manager not configured to communicate directly with the fist action handler so as to have an intermediate step between the two modules such as a

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buffering device so as to alleviate any problems associated with real time communication.

Claims 4, 7-9, 17-21 are met by that discussed for claim 1.

In regard to claim 12, Pohlmann discloses that the event broker is configured to maintain ranks corresponding to said event bookings and, if a plurality of said events have been detected, to initiate said corresponding actions in an order determined by said ranks (See Col 13, Lines 12-22).

In regard to claim 13, Pohlmann discloses that the clients are configured to access event bookings which have been stored by the event broker, said access comprising a query, a modification, or a termination of a stored event booking (See Col 13, Lines 23-29).

In regard to claim 14, Pohlmann fails to disclose that the booking has an expiration time. However, the examiner gives OFFICIAL NOTICE that it is notoriously well known in the art to have an expiration time associated with a booking or a task so as to prevent system resources from being unnecessarily allocated. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Pohlmann with an expiration time associated with a booking or a task so as to prevent system resources from being unnecessarily allocated.

6. Claims 1, 5, 22-25 and 28-29 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lawler et al. (US Pat No 5,699,107) in view of Pohlmann et al.

In regard to claims 1 and 22, Lawler et al. discloses a program reminder system that reminds a user of an interactive viewing system when a pre-selected program is

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available. The reference is silent with respect to a first event manager, a first action handler, and an event broker mechanism. Pohlmann discloses a first event manager, a first action handler, and an event broker mechanism as similarly recited in claim 1 so as to an integrated system for providing tools that utilize a compatible interface without significantly sacrificing tool functionality. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Lawler with a first event manager, a first action handler, and an event broker mechanism for the stated advantage.

In regard to claim 5, Lawler et al. discloses a system to remind a use of an event (i.e. the start of a television program). (Col 3, Lines 36-50).

In regard to claim 23, Lawler et al. discloses an interactive television system receiver coupled to receive a broadcast signal and configured to provide an output signal to a television. "The demodulator 52 functions as a conventional television tuner for selecting one or more of multiple conventional analog video signals present at input 48" (Col 6, Lines 12-15). "The interactive station controller 18 also may include a graphics subsystem 62 that is controlled by the CPU 58 to form graphics images, including user interface displays, on the video display 20" (Col 6, Lines 32-35).

Claims 24 and 28-29 are met by that discussed for claims 1 and 22.

In regard to claim 25, the combined teaching fails to explicitly disclose that the event manager is not configured to communicate directly with the fist action handler. However, it is submitted that it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the event manager not configured to communicate directly with the fist action handler so as to have an intermediate step between the two modules such as a

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buffering device so as to alleviate any problems associated with real time communication.

7. Claims 3 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lawler et al. in view of Pohlmann et al and in further view of Chawla (US Pat No 6,108,695).

In regard to claim 3, the combination of Lawler et al. and Pohlmann et al. teaches an event notification system implemented in a receiver for a broadcast system. The combination of references fails to explicitly disclose the use of a framework comprising a software layer between an application layer and a driver layer. Chawla teaches the use of a software layer between the "application layer" or the media stream manager and the "driver layer" or the low-level software (Figure 3; Col 4, Lines 6-12), which is preferred in order to increase system performance and user control. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the combination of references with a software layer between the "application layer" or the media stream manager and the "driver layer" or the low-level software to increase system performance and user control.

In regard to claim 6, Chawla discloses a system for managing channels on a multiple channel digital media server. The reference fails to explicitly disclose the use of library extensions as claimed. However, the examiner gives OFFICIAL NOTICE that it is notoriously well known in the art to use library extensions for addressing files. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement Chawla with library extensions for addressing files.

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8. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pohlmann et al in view of Sudhakaran et al. (US Pat No 6,636,901).

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In regard to claim 11, Pohlmann et al. discloses an event notification system.

The reference fails to explicitly disclose that the event broker is configured to determine the recourses required and resolve resource conflicts. Sudhakaran et al. teaches automatically determining the resources required and resolving any resource conflicts so that one or more resources can be shared between different functions in an error free fashion. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Pohlmann et al. with automatically determining the resources required and resolving any resource conflicts so that one or more resources can be shared between different functions in an error free fashion.

9. Claims 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pohlmann et al. in view of Chernock et al. (US Pat Application Publication No 2003/0159150).

In regard to claim 21, Pohlmann et al. discloses an event notification system.

The reference fails to explicitly disclose actions as claimed. The reference fails to explicitly disclose a plurality of distinct event types and actions. Chernock teaches the use of plurality of distinct event types and actions. Some of these event types and actions are:

- "Tuning the receiving device to play the subsequent program"
- "Recording a subsequent program or its selected embedded content at the scheduled time on an external video recording medium for video, on an external

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audio recording medium for audio, and on internal or external digital data recording medium for other digital data"

 "Reminding the user of the scheduled event at the scheduled time, with a video or audio notification, which will allow the user to tune the STB device to play the program" (Paragraphs 0018-0020).

This system is preferred in order to provide the user with more options. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement Pohlmann et al. with of distinct event types to provide the users with more options.

10. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lawler et al. in view of Pohlmann et al. and in further view of Sudhakaran et al.

In regard to claim 27, the combination of Lawler et al. and Pohlmann et al. disclose that multiple booking may be register. The combination fails to explicitly disclose that the event broker is configured to determine the recourses required and resolve resource conflicts. Sudhakaran et al. teaches automatically determining the resources required and resolving any resource conflicts so that one or more resources can be shared between different functions in an error free fashion. Consequently, it would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the combination of Lawler et al. and Pohlmann et al. with automatically determining the resources required and resolving any resource conflicts so that one or more resources can be shared between different functions in an error free fashion.

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### Conclusion

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- Agarwal et al. (US Pat No 5,958,010)
- Mellen-Garnett et al. (US Pat No 6,094,688)
- Cohen et al. (US Pat No 6,477,585)
- Vrenjak (US Pat No 5,063,523).
- Sanghvi et al (US Pat App Pub No 2002/0019886)
- Hinson et al. (US Pat No 6,829,770).
- 12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Manning whose telephone number is 571-272-7352. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 9:00 5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John W. Miller can be reached on 571-272-7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JM March 6, 2006

> JOHN MILLER SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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